



Test report n° 033E/2014/LA

**MEASUREMENT OF SOUND ABSORPTION IN A REVERBERATION ROOM
ACCORDING TO ISO 354 AND ISO 11654 STANDARDS**

Manufacturer: GABER S.r.l. Via Schiavonesca, 75/1 – 31030 Caselle di Altivole (TV) Italy.

Test specimen: panel mod. "STILLY". Cavity with expanded polyurethane panel.

Applicant: GABER S.r.l.

Test specimen assembler: GABER S.r.l.

Test date: 11/03/2013.

Test specimen description, mounting and position in the reverberation room: see page 2.

| Freq. <i>f</i> [Hz] | <i>T</i> ₁ [s] empty room | <i>T</i> ₂ [s] room with test specimen | <i>A</i> [m ²] (*) | <i>α_s</i> [/] (**) |
|------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 100 | 19,37 | 15,04 | 0,52 | 0,05 |
| 125 | 20,39 | 13,74 | 0,82 | 0,08 |
| 160 | 16,45 | 9,77 | 1,43 | 0,13 |
| 200 | 16,35 | 8,03 | 2,18 | 0,20 |
| 250 | 16,27 | 6,52 | 3,15 | 0,29 |
| 315 | 15,08 | 5,27 | 4,22 | 0,39 |
| 400 | 13,89 | 4,12 | 5,83 | 0,54 |
| 500 | 12,46 | 3,52 | 6,96 | 0,64 |
| 630 | 11,62 | 3,01 | 8,41 | 0,78 |
| 800 | 10,52 | 2,83 | 8,86 | 0,82 |
| 1000 | 8,91 | 2,64 | 9,16 | 0,84 |
| 1250 | 7,72 | 2,74 | 8,19 | 0,76 |
| 1600 | 6,81 | 2,78 | 7,50 | 0,69 |
| 2000 | 5,55 | 2,65 | 7,14 | 0,66 |
| 2500 | 4,49 | 2,48 | 6,77 | 0,62 |
| 3150 | 3,59 | 2,24 | 6,77 | 0,62 |
| 4000 | 2,69 | 1,88 | 6,95 | 0,64 |
| 5000 | 1,85 | 1,46 | 7,30 | 0,67 |

Note:

(*) The equivalent sound absorption area of the test specimen, *A*, has been calculated using the formula:

$$A = 55,3 \frac{V}{c} \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right) - 4V(m_2 - m_1) \quad [\text{m}^2]$$

where: *V* [m³] is the volume of the empty reverberation room;

c [m/s] is the propagation speed of the sound in air;

*T*₁ [s] is the reverberation time of the empty reverberation room;

*T*₂ [s] is the reverberation time of the reverberation room after the test the specimen has been introduced;

*m*₁ [m⁻¹] is the power attenuation coefficient of the empty reverberation room,

calculated according to ISO 9613-1;

*m*₂ [m⁻¹] is the power attenuation coefficient of the reverberation room,

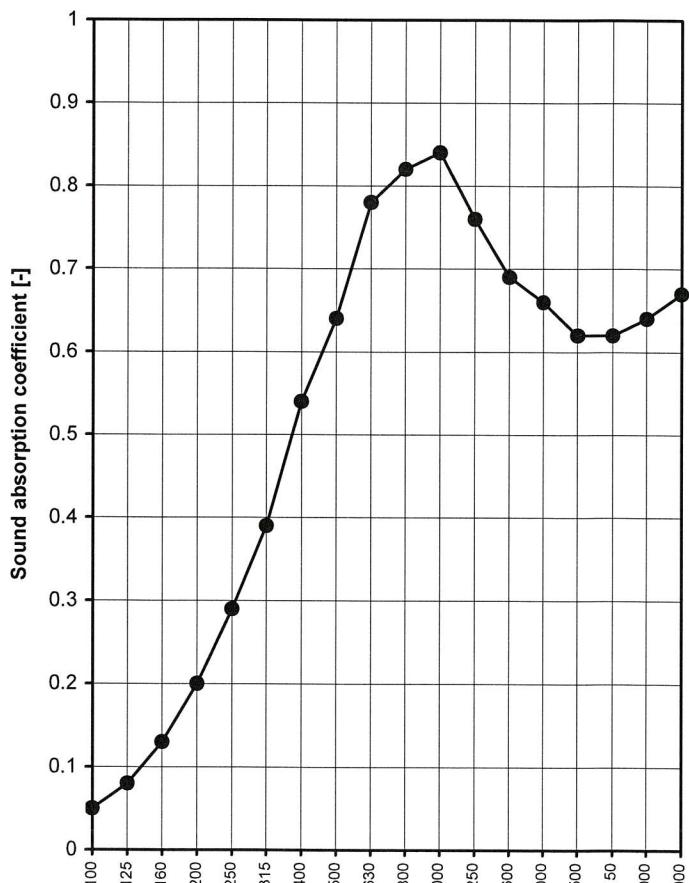
calculated according to ISO 9613-1.

(**) The sound absorption coefficient *α_s* [/]. Has been calculate using the formula

$$\alpha_s = \frac{A}{S} \quad [/]$$

where: *A* [m²] is the equivalent sound absorption area of the test specimen;

S [m²] is the area covered by the test specimen.



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Head of the Laboratory



**Weighted sound absorption coefficient (ISO 11654):**

- $\alpha_w = 0,60$
- Sound absorption class: C

Test specimen set-up: according to ISO 354 standard. Perimeter edges of the test specimen covered with an acoustically reflective frame made of MDF, 20 mm thick.



Test specimen description: panel mod. "STILLY" (nominal size 440 mm x 440 mm, maximum height 40 mm, mass 0,4 kg) composed of a plastic support frame and polyester felt (6 mm thick) lined with Trevira polyester tissue. Cavity with expanded polyurethane panel (thickness 25 mm, density 30 kg/m³).

Test conditions:

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Area of test specimen: | 10,842 m ² |
| Average air temperature in reverberant room: | 17 °C |
| Average air relative humidity in reverberant room: | 43 % |
| Atmospheric pressure: | 101,3 kPa |

Test room: reverberant room of Department of Industrial Engineering, University of Padova; volume 211,2 m³; surface 214,38 m².

Measuring apparatus: Notebook IBM T30, audio device DIGIGRAM VXpocket2, software Brüel & Kjær 7841 DIRAC, microphone G.R.A.S. type 40AQ (S/N 41471), preamplifier G.R.A.S. type 26CA (S/N 57851), signal conditioning amplifier 01dB OPUS (S/N 20225), power amplifier Brüel & Kjær 2716, omnidirectional sound source Brüel & Kjær 4295.

Test procedure: 4 microphone position and 4 source position in reverberant room, with 2 samplings for each combination of microphone and source position.

Note: measurements results in this test report are referred to the measured test specimen; there are no deviations from declared test methods.

